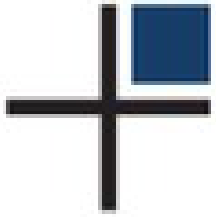
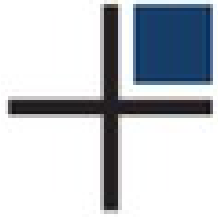


Erfahrungen aus 15 Jahren Community-Support in Mailinglisten, Foren und Facebook



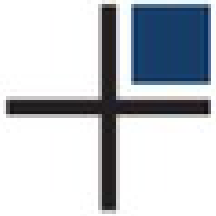
Support? Lästig, oder?

- * Community-Support als Ersatz für kommerziellen Support?
- * Motivation für Support?
- * kommerzieller Support, aber for free?



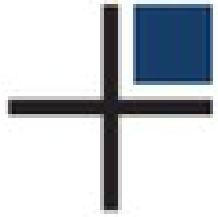
Community-Supportkanäle

- <http://www.postgresql.org/community/>



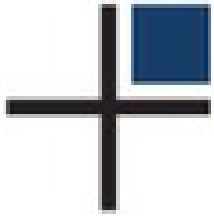
Hauptkanal sind Mailinglisten

- * diese sind anmelde-pflichtig
- * 13 Userlisten, Advocay, Announce, ...
- * 7 Developer-Listen, Buildfarm, Committers, ...
- * 12 regionale Listen, Persian, German, ...
- * ca. 34 User Groups
- * 8 Project Lists, JDBC, Distro, ...



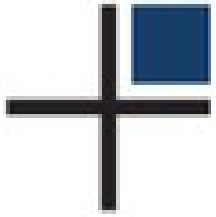
IRC-Kanäle

* `#postgresql` on `irc.freenode.net`



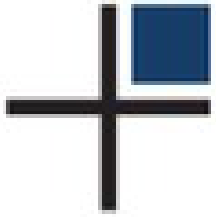
IRC: PostgreSQL Related Projects:

- * pgAdmin - Cross platform graphical administration
- * PLphp - Procedures and Functions in PHP
- * PostGIS - Spatial objects for PostgreSQL
- * Slony - FOSS PostgreSQL replication
- * postgresql-eu - European PostgreSQL Usergroup



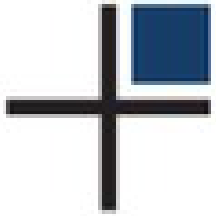
IRC-Cannel in anderen Sprachen

- * Brazilian Portuguese
- * French
- * Italian
- * Spanish
- * German
- * Turkish



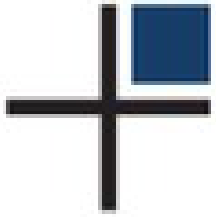
Newsgroups ?

- * `comp.databases.postgresql.general`
- * `comp.databases.postgresql.hackers`
- * `comp.databases.postgresql.doc`
- * `comp.databases.postgresql.bugs`
- * `linux.postgres`



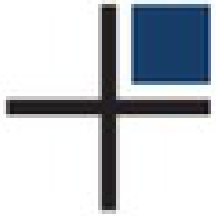
Foren

- * <https://www.pg-forum.de>
 - * Beiträge insgesamt 32272
 - * Themen insgesamt 5969
 - * Mitglieder insgesamt 2457



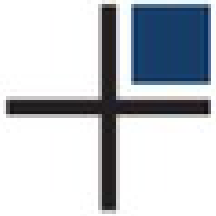
Portale

- * Brasilien <http://www.postgresql.org.br/>
- * China <http://postgresql.oss.tw/>
- * Kuba <http://postgresql.uci.cu/>
- * Spanien <http://www.postgresql-es.org/>
- * Argentinien <http://www.arpug.com.ar/>
- * <http://www.postgresqlfr.org/>
- * Griechenland <http://www.postgresql.gr/>
- * Japan <http://www.postgresql.jp/>
- * Russland <http://postgresql.ru.net/>
- * Korea <http://www.postgresql.kr/>
- * Türkei <http://www.postgresql.org.tr/>



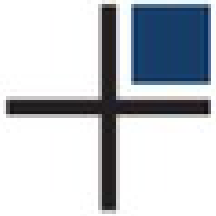
Lokal User Groups

- * Argentina
- * Australia
- * Brazil
- * Bulgaria
- * Canada
- * Cuba
- * Czech Republic
- * . . .
- * Switzerland



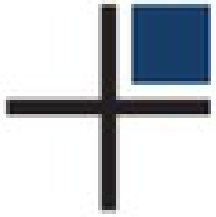
Facebook

- * <https://www.facebook.com/groups/postgres/>
- * Beschreibung vom 24. Dezember 2014
- * 2944 Mitglieder
- * 6 Admins
- * 47 blockiert



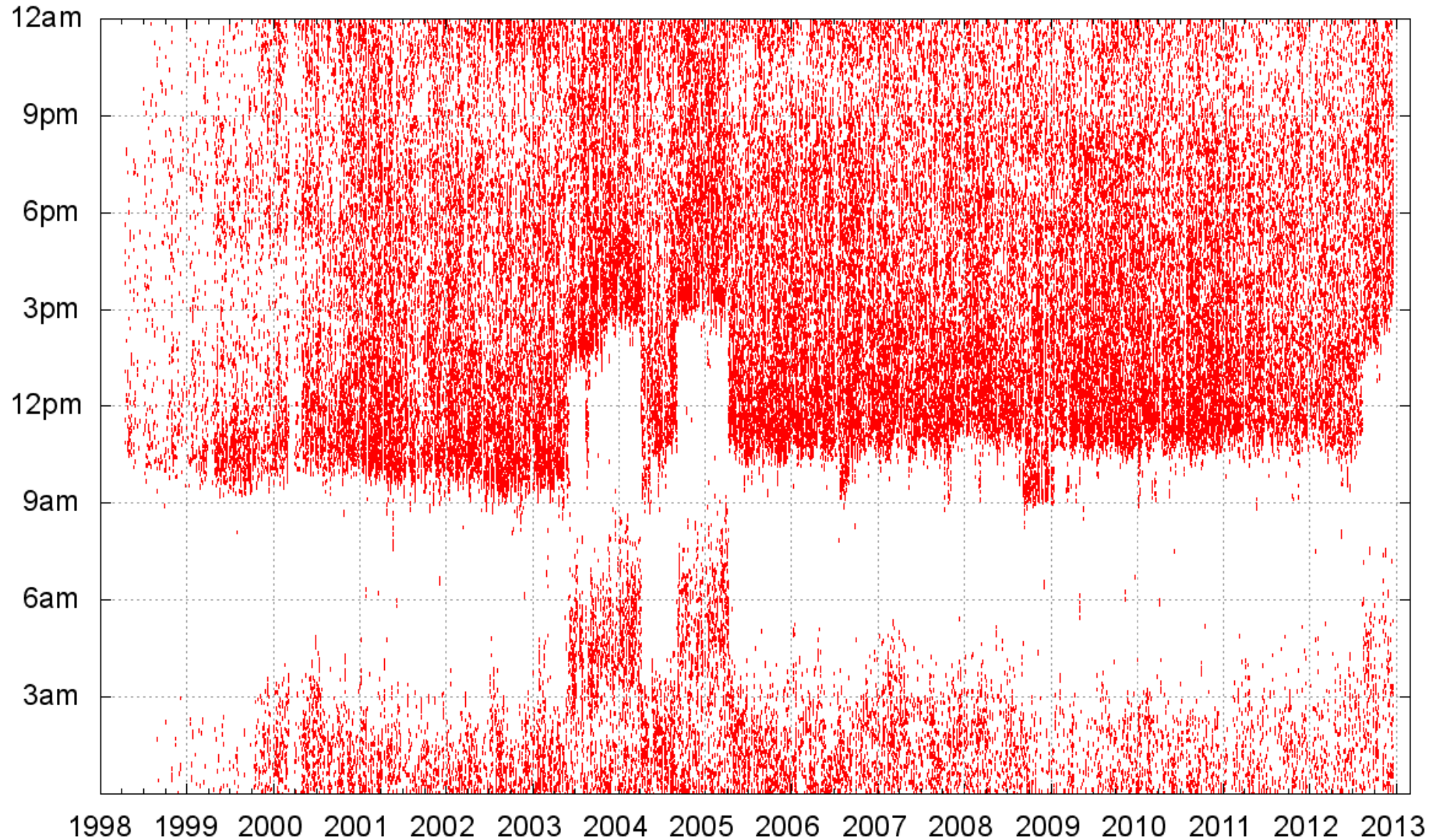
XING, LinkedIn, ...

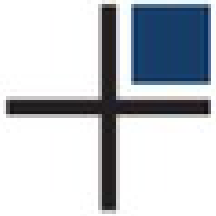
- * XING: 831 Mitglieder
- * LinkedIn: 3054 Mitglieder



Beispiele Mailinglisten

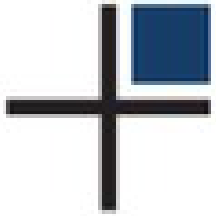
Tom Lane
82,565 emails





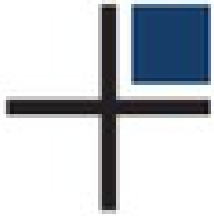
konkreter Fall

From: Tobias Florek <postgres(at)ibotty(dot)net>
To: PGSQL-Novice <pgsql-novice(at)postgresql(dot)org>
Subject: WHERE clause not used when index is used
Date: 2016-03-01 11:04:27



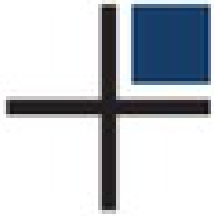
Tabelle

```
postgres=#  
CREATE TABLE "index_cond_test" AS  
  SELECT  
    (10 + random() * 10)::int AS "final_score",  
    round((10 + random() * 10)::numeric, 5)  
      "time_taken"  
  FROM generate_series(1, 10000) s;  
SELECT 10000
```

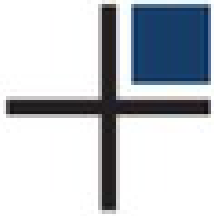
Abfrage

```
postgres=#  
SELECT count(*) FROM ( SELECT *  
  FROM "index_cond_test"  
  WHERE  
    (final_score, time_taken) < (20, 11)  
  ORDER BY  
    final_score DESC, time_taken ASC) q;  
count  
-----  
   9529  
(1 row)
```



Index

```
postgres=#  
CREATE INDEX "index_cond_test_ranking"  
  ON "index_cond_test"  
  USING btree  
    (final_score DESC, time_taken ASC);  
CREATE INDEX  
postgres=# set enable_seqscan to off;  
SET
```



erneute Abfrage

```
postgres=#
```

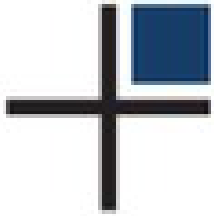
```
SELECT count(*) FROM ( SELECT *  
  FROM "index_cond_test"  
  WHERE  
    (final_score, time_taken) < (20, 11)  
  ORDER BY  
    final_score DESC, time_taken ASC) q;
```

```
count
```

```
-----
```

```
10000
```

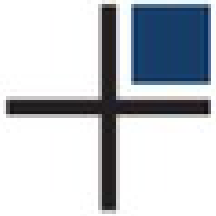
```
(1 row)
```



erste Reaktion

From: Tom Lane <tgl(at)sss(dot)pgh(dot)pa(dot)us>
To: Tobias Florek <postgres(at)ibotty(dot)net>
Cc: pgsql-hackers(at)postgreSQL(dot)org,
PGSQL-Novice <pgsql-novice(at)postgreSQL(dot)org>
Subject: Re: [NOVICE] WHERE clause not used when index is used
Date: 2016-03-01 15:40:47

Ugh. That is **badly** broken. I thought maybe it had something to do with the "abbreviated keys" work, but the same thing happens if you change the numeric column to integer, so I'm not very sure where to look. Who's touched btree key comparison logic lately?



AGG by Cybertec

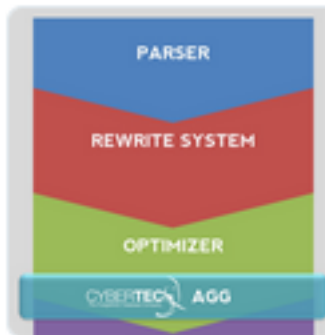


Cybertec

@PostgresSupport

 Follow

"AGG": Multi-core aggregation extension for [#PostgreSQL](#) is out now! Let multiple CPUs do the work! Free download:



Ag...

Up to now PostgreSQL used a single CPU core to perform aggregations. With "agg" multiple cores scale your analytical operations and aggregations!

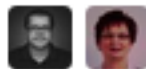
cybertec.at

RETWEET

1

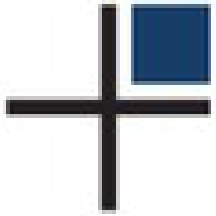
LIKE

1



2:07 AM - 2 Dec 2015





2ndQuadrant

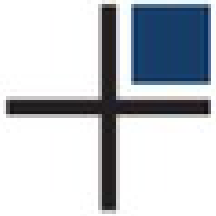
<https://news.ycombinator.com/item?id=11333961>

I am totally impressed by the work 2ndQuadrant is doing:

many of the recent innovations to Postgres have been done by them and all of that without any obligation for them to be doing so. The BSD license would allow them to add all of these things to a proprietary fork that they could be selling.

...

But that's not how they work. All of their contributions are pushed upstream which is a very considerable effort with how conservative Postgres is at accepting new functionality.

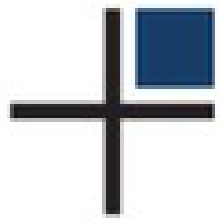


2ndQuadrant

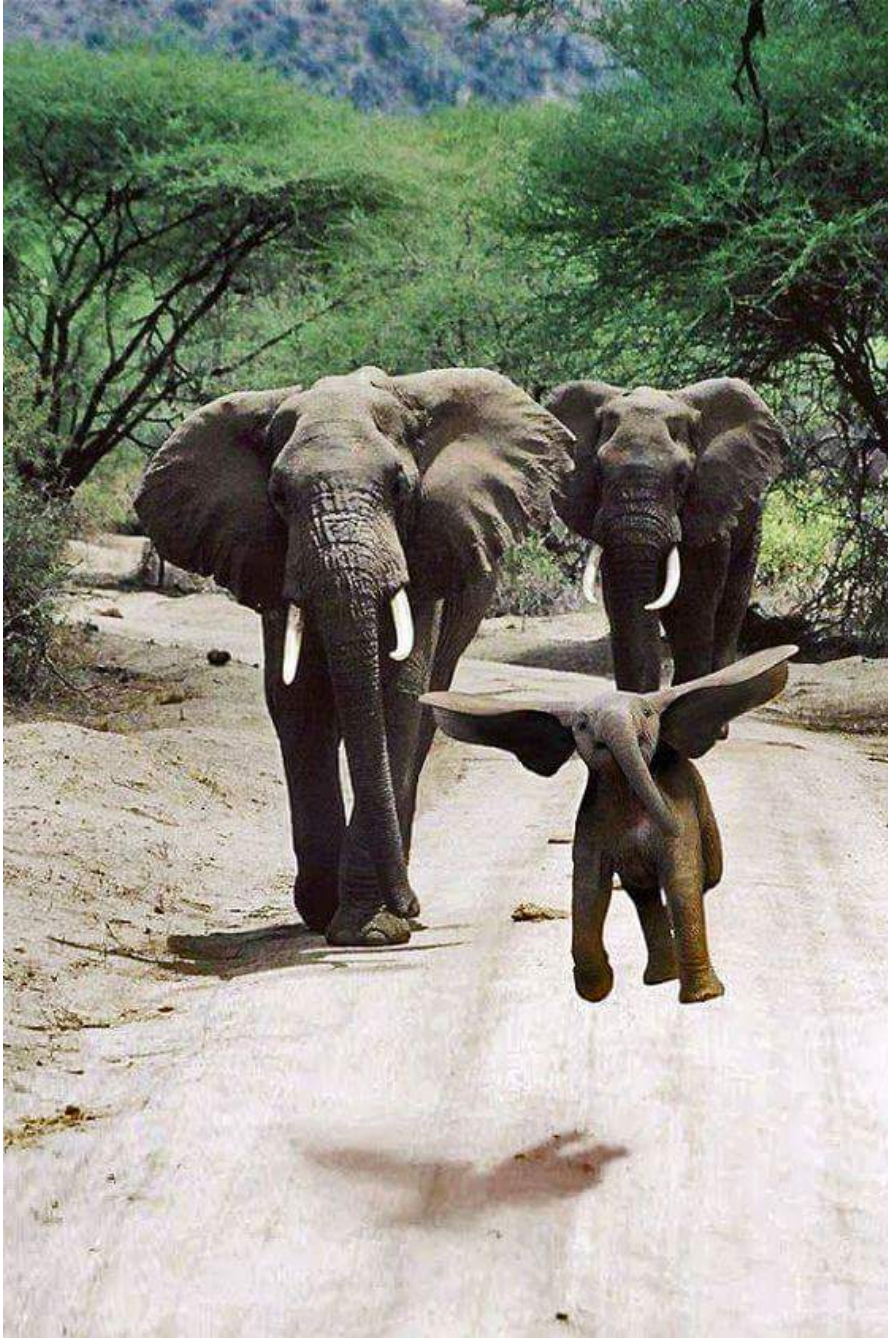
Aside of that: there are 2ndQuadrant employees in the #postgres IRC chat room, helping people with daily support issues.

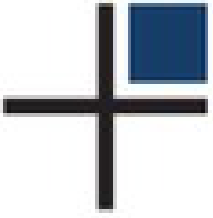
This is their core business and yet they still help people for free. This is bloody impressive.

If I'm ever at a point when I need help with a Postgres issue, then they will be very first of the list of companies I would consider.



meine Zusammenfassung





Questions?